

display and sale of merchandise, and involving stocks of goods, wares, or merchandise incidental to such purposes and accessible to the public.

Group R Occupancies

Division 1. Hotels and apartment houses. Congregate residences (each accommodating more than ten (10) persons).

Division 2. Not used.

Division 3. Dwellings and lodging houses. Congregate residences (each accommodating ten (10) persons or less).

Group S Occupancies

Group S Occupancies shall include the use of a building or structure, or a portion thereof, for storage not classified as a hazardous occupancy.

Division 1. Moderate-hazard storage occupancies shall include buildings or portions of buildings used for storage of combustible materials that are not classified as Group S, Division 2 or Group H Occupancies.

Division 2. Low-hazard storage occupancies shall include buildings or structures, or portions thereof, used for storage of noncombustible materials such as products on wood pallets or in paper cartons with or without single-thickness divisions, or in paper wrappings, and shall include ice plants, power plants, and pumping plants.

Division 3. Division 3 Occupancies shall include repair garages where work is limited to exchange of parts and maintenance requiring no open flame or welding, motor vehicle fuel-dispensing stations, and parking garages not classed as Group S, Division 4 open parking garages or Group U private garages.

Division 4. Open parking garages.

Division 5. Aircraft hangars where work is limited to exchange of parts and maintenance requiring no open flame or welding, and helistops.

Group U Occupancies

Division 1. Private garages, carports, sheds, and agricultural buildings.

Division 2. Fences six (6) feet (1,829 mm) high, tanks, and towers.

OCCUPIED SPACE – An enclosed space intended for human activities excluding those spaces intended primarily for other purposes such as storage rooms and equipment rooms that are only occupied occasionally and for short periods of time.

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PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit) – The maximum permitted eight-hour time-weighted average concentration of an airborne contaminant. The maximum permitted time-weighted average exposures to be utilized are those published in 29 CFR 1910.1000.

PEX – An acronym for cross-linked polyethylene.

PIPING – The pipe or tube mains for interconnecting the various parts of a system. Piping includes pipe, tube, flanges, bolting, gaskets, valves, fittings the pressure-containing parts of other components such as expansion joints, strainers, and devices that serve such purposes as mixing, separating, snubbing, distributing, metering, or controlling flow pipe-supporting fixtures and structural attachments.

PLENUM – An air compartment or chamber including uninhabited crawl spaces areas above a ceiling or below a floor, including air spaces below raised floors of computer/data processing centers or attic spaces, to that one or more ducts are connected and that forms part of either the supply-air, return-air or exhaust-air system, other than the occupied space being conditioned.

PLUMBING CODE – The Uniform Plumbing Code promulgated by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, as adopted by this jurisdiction. *[HCD 1 and HCD 2] Whenever the term "Plumbing Code" is used in this code, it shall mean the California Plumbing Code, Title 24, Part 5.*

PORTABLE COOLING UNIT – A self-contained refrigerating system, not over 3 horsepower rating, that has been factory assembled and tested, installed without supply-air ducts and without connecting any refrigerant-containing parts. This definition shall not include an absorption unit.

PORTABLE EVAPORATIVE COOLER – An evaporative cooler that discharges the conditioned air directly into the conditioned area without the use of ducts and can be readily transported from place to place without dismantling any portion thereof.

PORTABLE HEATING APPLIANCE – A heating appliance designed for environmental heating that may have a self-contained fuel supply and is not secured or attached to a building by any means other than by a factory-installed power supply cord.

PORTABLE VENTILATING EQUIPMENT – Ventilating equipment that can be readily transported from place to place without dismantling a portion thereof and that is not connected to a duct.

POSITIVE DISPLACEMENT COMPRESSOR – A compressor in which increase in pressure is attained